

Penylan: Howardian Primary School: Road Safety Measures

Description of Scheme Proposal

The Council have requested highway improvement works are included as part of the planning agreement associated with the development of Howardian Primary School.

The proposed highway improvement works will include the construction of a School Safety Zone on Hammond Way, with traffic calming and a zebra crossing which will be located close to the pedestrian access into the new school building. The implementation of this project will improve road safety particularly for pedestrians and cyclists.

In addition to the School Safety Zone, a new 20mph speed limit will be introduced on Hammond Way, and the cul-de-sacs leading off Hammond Way. This change in speed limit will require a Traffic Regulation Order (TRO), which will be subject to a separate consultation as part of the legal TRO process.

The scheme is required to discharge a planning condition on planning application 16/02710/MJR for which planning permission was issued on 13th February 2017.

Additional Information about traffic management measures

20 mph Zones. At 20 mph a car is able stop in 12 metres (40 feet), compared to 24 metres (75 ft) at 30 mph. In the event of an accident there is only a 1 in 20 risk of a pedestrian being killed, compared with a 1 in 2 risk at 30 mph. These factors combine to greatly reduce the risk to all road users. In the case of pedestrians it makes using a crossing and, where necessary, walking on the road far safer and acceptable. It is a statutory requirement that 20 mph zones contain ***traffic calming features*** at a spacing of not more than 100 metres and have to be designed to achieve an average vehicle speed of 20 mph.

Traffic Calming Features. This term refers to specific physical traffic management measures which force drivers to reduce vehicle speeds. These include road humps, speed cushions, speed tables, priority narrowings, chicanes, gateways, roundabouts and other similar features.

Traffic Regulation Order. These are the restrictions placed on the Highway that direct, control and prohibit road user movements. For example 20mph speed limits. No Entry. No Right Turn. One Way. No Waiting. These regulations must pass through a lengthy legal process. If approved, the signs or lines are placed on site and enforced by the Police or their Traffic Wardens.

Speed Table. This is a variation of the speed hump where the top of the raised (tabled) area is over two metres wide. This causes less discomfort to bus passengers as the rise and fall actions are separated by the level section. These are sometimes used in conjunction with pedestrian crossings to reduce speeds and to make the crossing more noticeable to drivers.

Zebra Crossing. This type of crossing is suitable for sites with medium levels of pedestrian demand and vehicle flows where a **puffin crossing** is not justified. They can provide a better level of service for pedestrians as there is no minimum time waiting for the right to cross. They can be usefully combined with **build-outs** which improve visibility to and from vehicles, reduce crossing distances and clarify that pedestrians are intending to cross the road.

Built-out Zebra Crossing. This is where a **zebra crossing** is provided with **build-outs** to reduce the road to the minimum for two way traffic. This improves visibility to and from pedestrians using the crossing. A **speed table** can sometimes form part of the design.

Tabled Zebra Crossing. This is where a **zebra crossing** includes a **speed table**, or is sited at a **tabled junction**, either as part of a wider set of traffic calming or on its own.

Build-out. This is a section of widened footway. These can be used in several ways such as reshaping junctions, defining parking areas and reducing distances that pedestrians have to cross the road. They can improve visibility to and from pedestrians or drivers waiting at a junction.

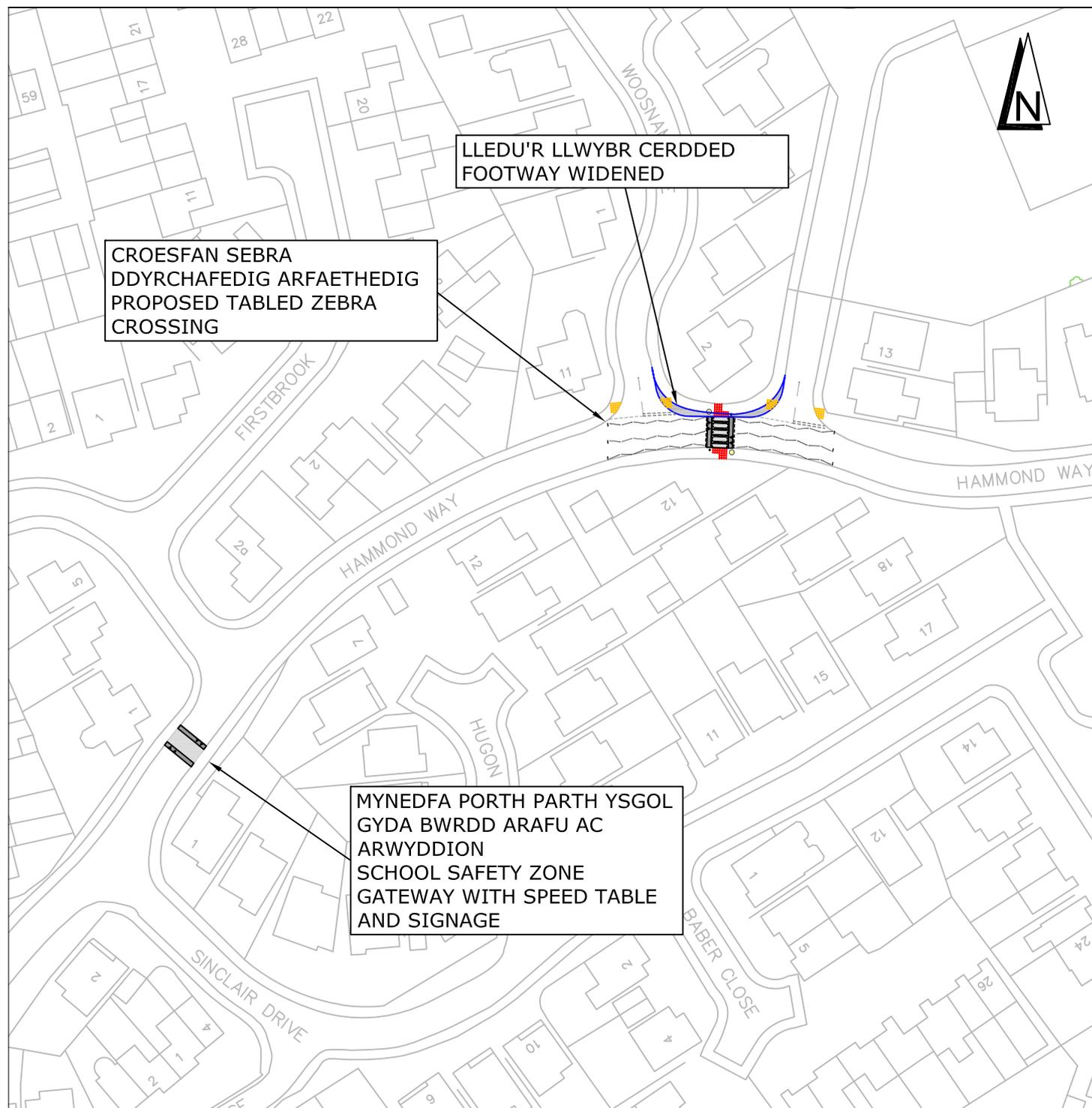
Narrowed Gateway. This is where **build-outs** are used to reduce the road to the minimum for two way traffic so that drivers are aware that they are entering a particular section of road, such outside a school or **20 mph Zone**. A combination of measures such as a **speed table**, coloured surfacing or other road markings can be used as appropriate.

Bollard. This is a post made of various materials and is used to deter vehicles being driven onto the footway or verge.

School Safety Zone. A school safety zone will usually have a “gateway” into the zone in the form of a two way road narrowing and school warning signage and will include traffic calming, pedestrian crossing facilities and parking restrictions and control. The purpose is to reduce traffic speeds in the vicinity of the school gates, to raise driver awareness that they are approaching a school and to provide safer and more convenient facilities for pedestrians (particularly for school pupils) within the zone. The actual features included within the school safety zone will be dependent upon various factors such as the site layout, the number of school entrances, the volume and speed of traffic.

Mae'r Cyngor yn ymgynghori ar y cynnig i weithredu cynllun rheoli traffig yn seiliedig ar y cynllun.

Mae rhagor o fanylion am yr ymgynghori hwn ar gael yn www.caerdydd.gov.uk/Projectautrafnidiaeth ar y ddolen 'gweld ymgynghoriadau'. Fel arall, e-bostiwch Projectautrafnidiaeth@caerdydd.gov.uk neu ffoniwch 029 2087 3802 i ofyn am gopi papur. Os hoffech wneud unrhyw sylwadau am y cynnig rhowch wybod i ni erbyn **18/10/2017**



The Council is consulting on the proposal to implement a traffic management scheme based on the plan shown.

Further details about this consultation are available at www.cardiff.gov.uk/TransportProjects using the 'view consultations' link. Alternatively, please e-mail TransportProjects@cardiff.gov.uk or telephone 029 2087 3802 to request a paper copy. If you would like to make any comments about this proposal please let us know by **18/10/2017**